## UCONN - Math 3410 - Fall 2017 - Quiz 4

Name:Solution KEY
Question: Solve the first order equation

$$
3 u_{x}+2 u_{y}=0
$$

with the auxiliary condition

$$
u(x, 0)=\sin (x)
$$

Solution: Notice that

$$
\langle(3,2), \nabla u(x, y)\rangle=3 u_{x}+2 u_{y}=0
$$

Hence $u(x, y)$ is constant in the direction of $(3,2)$. The lines parallel to $(3,2)$ have equations $2 x-3 y=0$. here $2 x-3 y=0$ is called the characteristic lines. As $u(x, y)$ is constant on these lines therefore $u(x, y)$ depends only $2 x-3 y$. Hence

$$
u(x, y)=f(2 x-3 y)
$$

Using the the auxiliary condition $u(x, 0)=\sin (x)$ we get

$$
u(x, 0)=f(2 x)=\sin (x)
$$

Since $f(2 x)=\sin (x)$ we can find $f(x)=\sin (x / 2)$. Since

$$
u(x, y)=f(2 x-3 y)=\sin ((2 x-3 y) / 2)
$$

is the solution. (you can check you answer by finding $u_{x}$ and $u_{y}$ and verify that $3 u_{x}+2 u_{y}=$ 0.$)$

